DEVELOPMENT PERSPECTIVE: GLOBAL COMMITMENT AND NATIONAL PRIORITIES
Agenda for Discussion

- National development priorities and global commitments
- National development environment: priority sectors, development actors and role and scope of federal, provincial and local governments
Development: Common Understanding

- Economic Condition
- Process of Achieving Desired Change
- Social Condition
- Environmental Condition
- Governance System

Place Specific
Time Specific
People Specific

...to fulfill the aspirations of sustainable peace, good governance, development and prosperity....

-The Constitution of Nepal 2015
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

Perspectives
- As Economic Growth
- As Modernization
- As Human Right/Right Based Approach
- As Human Development
- As Freedom
- As Justice/Inclusiveness
- As Sustainable Development
- Top-down vs. Bottom Up
- Demand-driven vs. Supply Driven
- Charity vs. Need Approach
Discussion: Few Questions

- How is the global trend of development?
- What are the global priorities for development?
- How do you define Nepal’s perspective on development?
- How do Nepal’s commitment in global forums shape national priorities?
- How do we fix our priorities?
Our Global Commitment

- Sustainable development goals [earlier version: millennium development goals and poverty reduction]
- Nepal is signatory to most of: UN declarations [human rights, child rights, women rights, indigenous rights, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, environment and development and many more]

How helpful are these commitments to our development initiatives?

Can we adopt them in our development process?
Our Global Commitment [SDGs]

Origins

- Origin of the term can be traced to the establishment of the World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED) by the United Nations General Assembly in 1982.

- WCED came to be popularly referred to as the ‘Brundtland Commission’.


“Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present, without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.”

Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

Our Global Commitment [SDGs]

- SDGs are global agenda for achieving sustainable
  - Economic,
  - Social and
  - Environmental development

- United Nation Sustainable Development Summit 2015 was held in New York

- Nepal, a member of UN, has signed the SDGs 2030

- 17 Sustainable development goals and 169 indicators

- Nepal 479 indicators [234 international + 245 NPC add]

- Achieve each Goal and target by 2030
Perspectives of Development

Global Commitment and National Priorities

5 Pillars of SDGs

PEOPLE
End poverty and hunger in all forms and ensure dignity and equality

PLANET
Protect our planet’s natural resources and climate for future generations

PROSPERITY
Ensure prosperous and fulfilling lives in harmony with nature

PARTNERSHIP
Implement the agenda through a solid global partnership

PEACE
Foster peaceful, just and inclusive societies

Sustainable Development
Our Priorities

....to fulfill the aspirations of sustainable peace, good governance, development and prosperity....

-The Constitution of Nepal 2015

Fundamental Rights and Duties [16-46]

- Right to live with dignity
- Right to freedom
- Right to equality
- Right to communication
- Rights relating to justice
- Right of victim of crime
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

- Right against torture
- Right against preventive detention
- Right against untouchability and discrimination
- Right relating to property
- Right to freedom of religion:
- Right to information
- Right to privacy:
- Right against exploitation
- Right to clean environment
- Right relating to education
- Right to language and culture
- Right to employment

- Right to labour
- Right relating to health
- Right relating to food
- Right to housing
- Rights of women
- Rights of the child
- Rights of Dalit
- Rights of senior citizens
- Right to social justice
- Right to social security
- Rights of the consumer
- Right against exile
- Right to constitutional remedies
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

Directive Principles, ..... *(Our Priorities)*

**Policies relating to development**

- *Sustainable socio-economic development* strategies and programs under the *regional development plan for inclusive economic development* with regional balance
- Develop balanced, environment friendly, quality and sustainable physical infrastructures
- Enhance *local public participation* in the process of development works,
Policies relating to development

- *Enhance investment in scientific study*, research works and in invention, progress and development of science and technology, and protect scientists, technologists, intellectual and eminent talents,

- *Ensure easy and simple access of the general public to information technology* by developing and expanding information technology to the tune of national needs, and make optimum utilization of information technology in the national development,
Policies relating to development

- Make provisions enabling the general public to enjoy fruits of development in a just manner, while according priority to the indigent citizens in the distribution of such fruits,

- Develop an integrated national identity management information system and manage all kinds of information and data of the citizens in an integrated manner, and linking such system with the services and facilities provided by the State and with national development plans,

- Update demographic statistics and linking it with national development plans
Vision 2100 BS (Roadmap)

“Prosperous Nepal, Happy Nepali”

Three Phase

- **First Phase (15th plan):** Economic, social and physical infrastructure for high growth
- **Second Phase (16th and 17th plan):** Fastest progress in the indicators of prosperity and happiness
- **Third Phase (18th and 19th plan):** Achieve prosperity and happiness balancing sustainability
15th five-year plan (2019/20 to 2023/24) [Our Priorities]

55 indicators; prosperity Nepal (32) and Happy Nepali (23)

- सन् २०२२ मा अतिकम विकसितबाट विकासशील।
- सन् २०३० मा उच्चमध्यम आययुक्त मुलुकमा स्तरोन्नति हुने लक्ष्य।
- सन् २०४३ मा उच्च आयस्तरको मुलुक नै बनिसक्ने आकांक्षा।
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

२.४ दीर्घकालीन सोच

“समुद्र नेपाल, सुखी नेपाली”

समृद्ध, स्वाधीन र समाजवाद उन्मुख अर्थतन्त्र सहितको समान अवसर प्राप्त, स्वस्थ, शिक्षित, मर्यादित र उच्च जीवनस्तर भएका सुखी नागरिक बसोबास गर्ने मुलुक।
## Perspectives of Development

### Global Commitment and National Priorities

### 2.5 दीर्घकालीन राष्ट्रिय लक्ष्य

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>१. समृद्धि (Prosperity)</th>
<th>२. सुख (Happiness)</th>
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<tr>
<td>१.१ सर्वस्वलभ आधुनिक पूर्ववायु एवं सम्पन्न अन्तराल आवश्यकता (Accessible modern infrastructure and intensive connectivity)</td>
<td>२.१ परिष्कृत तथा मर्यादित जीवन (Well-being and decent life)</td>
</tr>
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<td>१.२ मानव पृथ्वी निर्माण तथा सम्भावनाको पूर्ण उपयोग (Development and full utilization of human capital potentials)</td>
<td>२.२ सुरक्षित, स्वस्थ र न्यायपूर्ण समाज (Safe, civilized and just society)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>१.३ उच्च र दिग्दर्शित उत्पादन तथा उत्पादकत्व (High and sustainable production and productivity)</td>
<td>२.३ स्वस्थ र सम्पूर्ण पर्यावरण (Healthy and balanced environment)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>१.४ उच्च र समतामूलक राष्ट्रिय आय (High and equitable national income)</td>
<td>२.४ सुशासन (Good governance)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>२.५ साबित लोकतन्त्र (Comprehensive democracy)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>२.६ राष्ट्रिय एकता, सुरक्षा र सम्मान (National unity, security and dignity)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.6 दीर्घकालीन राष्ट्रिय रणनीति

1. तीत्र, दिगो र रोजगारमूलक आर्थिक वृद्धि गर्नेँ,
2. सुलभ तथा गुणस्तरीय स्वास्थ्य सेवा र शिक्षाको सुनिश्चित गर्नेँ,
3. आन्तरिक तथा अन्तरराष्ट्रीय अन्तरआबंद्रता एवम् दिगो शहर/बस्ती विकास गर्नेँ,
4. उत्पादन र उत्पादकत्व अभिवृद्धि गर्नेँ,
5. पूर्ण, दिगो र उत्पादनशील सामाजिक सुरक्षा तथा संरक्षण गर्नेँ,
6. गरिबी निवारण र आर्थिक सामाजिक समानता सहितको न्यायपूर्ण समाज निर्माण गर्नेँ,
7. प्राकृतिक स्रोतको संरक्षण र परिचालन तथा उत्थानशीलता विकास गर्नेर
8. सार्वजनिक सेवाको सुदृढीकरण, प्रादेशिक सन्तुलन र राष्ट्रिय एकता सम्बद्र्द्धन गर्ने।
2.7 Perspectives of Development

Global Commitment and National Priorities

2.7.1 रूपान्तरणका प्रमुख सम्बाहक

1. गुणस्तरीय एकीकृत यातायात प्रणाली, सूचना प्रविधि तथा सञ्चार पूर्वाधार र बृहत सञ्जालीकरण,

2. गुणस्तरीय मानव पूंजी निर्माण, उद्यमशील कार्य संस्कृति विकास र सम्भावनाको पूर्ण उपयोग,

3. जल विद्युत उत्पादन वृद्धि र हरित अर्थतन्त्र प्रवर्धन,

4. उत्पादन, उत्पादकत्व र प्रतिस्पर्धात्मक क्षमता अभिवृद्धि,

5. गुणस्तरीय पर्यटन सेवाको विकास र विस्तार,

6. आधुनिक, दिगो र व्यवस्थित शहरीकरण, आवास र बस्ती विकास,

7. प्रदेशिक र स्थानीय अर्थतन्त्रको विकास र सुदृढ़ीकरण तथा औपचारिक क्षेत्रको विस्तार,

8. सामाजिक संरक्षण र सुरक्षाको प्रत्याख्याति र

9. शासकीय सुधार र सुशासन अभिवृद्धि।
‘समृद्ध नेपाल सुशील नेपाली’का केही प्रमुख सूचक

1. आर्थिक वृद्धिदर: 90.3% (2021)
2. प्रतिव्यक्ति आय ($): 10,712 (2019)
3. निर्यात जारिको दर: 78.5% (2019)
5. बेरोजगारी दर: 8% (2019)

6. मानव विकास सूचकांक: 0.574 (2019)
7. सुरक्षित आवास: 36.2% (2019)
8. धितोपत्रता लागानी जोनसर्स्त्रा: 84.8% (2019)
9. श्रीमानबाबाद हिंसापीडित माहिला: 14.3% (2019)
10. कुल आयातला स्थानानको अंश: 18.6% (2019)
### समृद्ध नेपाल, सुखी नेपालीका ५५ सूचक

**समृद्धिका राष्ट्रिय लक्ष्य, गन्तव्य र सूचक**

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<td>प्रतिशत ५०.२</td>
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<td>सेवा</td>
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<td>प्रतिशत ६४.२</td>
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<td>सूचक</td>
<td>प्रतिशत ३३.५</td>
<td>प्रतिशत ३२.१</td>
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**अर्थनैतिक क्षेत्रका योगदान**

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### सुखका राष्ट्रिय लक्ष्य र सूचक

#### ५ वर्षमलिनिका काम तीर्थ भएका बास्तवातिका

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#### ५ वर्षमलिनिका वापसी मुलुक

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<td>प्रतिशत ४३.२</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

Policy and Programmes 2076/77 [Our Priorities]

☐ Achieve economic prosperity through
  ☐ Developing physical infrastructure
  ☐ Enhancing the quality of services

☐ Effective service delivery and execution of development projects through
  ☐ Rigorous monitoring of results

☐ Double digit economic growth within five years

☐ Country will emphasis
  ☐ Boosting production,
  ☐ employment generation,
  ☐ self-reliance and enhancing export competitiveness
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

- Per capita income of over $2,000
- Generate additional 5,000 megawatts of electricity
- 15-bed hospital in every local body
- 24X7 electricity for every sector
- Sufficient job opportunities
- Rail and road infrastructure
- Connect all headquarters of local bodies with black-topped roads
- Broadband internet within five years
- Completing a few infrastructure projects within five years
  - Mid-hill Highway,
  - Postal Highway,
  - Kathmandu-Nijghadh Fast Track,
  - Gautam Buddha International Airport (within 1 year)
  - Pokhara Regional International Airport (within 3 years)
Least Developed Countries (LDCs)

LDCs are a group of countries that have been classified by the UN as “least developed” in terms of their low gross national income (GNI), their weak human assets and their high degree of economic vulnerability.----cited in Bhatta

\[
\text{HAI=} \frac{\text{Education (Adult literacy and enrolment rate in secondary level) and Health (MMR and nutrition)}}{\text{EVI=} \frac{\text{Population size, remoteness, merchandise export concentration, share of agriculture, forestry and fisheries in gross domestic product, homelessness owing to natural disasters, instability of agricultural production, instability of exports of goods and services, the share of population living in low elevated coastal zone}}}
\]
Graduation Threshold: 2018 Triennial Review

- GNI Per Capita: USD 1230.00 (Nepal: USD 745.00)
- HAI (5 Criteria): 66 or Above (Nepal 71.2)
- EVI (8 Criteria): 32 or Below (Nepal 28.4)

LDCs = First time 12th plan (2067/08-2069/70)

Upgrade Nepal in developing countries

Long term Vision of 13th Plan (2070/71-2072/73)

Upgrade Nepal from least develop countries to developing countries by 2022

14th and 15th plan are directly focused LDCs and SDGs
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

Development Actors [individuals, groups and agencies]

- State (Central, Provincial and Local)
- Civil Society Organizations
- Global Communities
- Development Actors
- Private Sector
- Co-operative
Perspectives of Development
Global Commitment and National Priorities

- Role and Scope of Federal Government [Annex-5]
- Role and Scope of Provincial Government [Annex-6]
- Common: Role and Scope of Federal and Province Government [Annex-7]
- Role and scope of Local Level [Annex-8]
- Common: Role and scope of Federal, Province Government and local level [Annex-9]
Perspectives of Development

Conclusion

- Local priority of development
- Understanding context
- Inclusive development/Respecting and valuing diversity
- Institutional capacity/ Strengthening state institutions
- Political will and bureaucratic support
Thanks